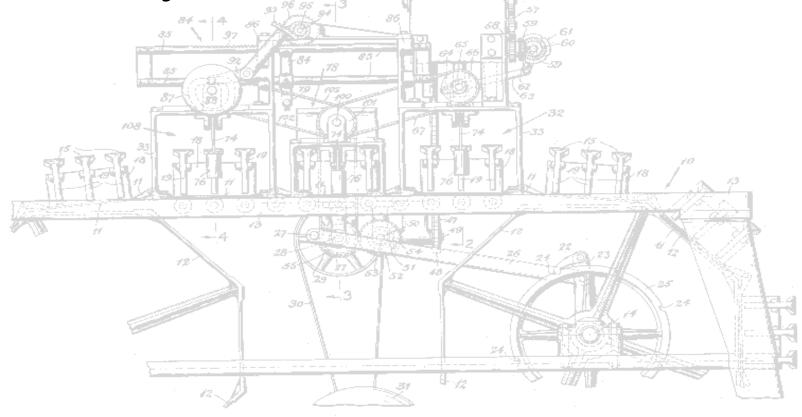


## **ENGR480 Manufacturing Systems**

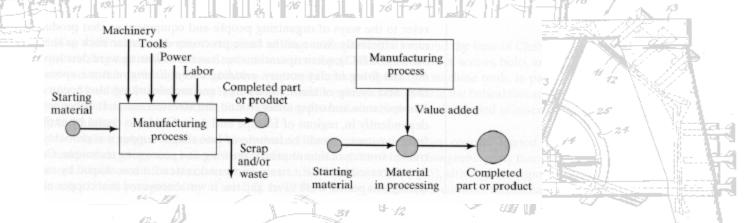
MWF 10:00, Lab Tue 2:00





# What is Manufacturing?

- Man-u-fac-ture: To make or process a raw material into a finished product, esp. by means of a large-scale industrial operation.
- From Latin manu + factus: by hand, to make



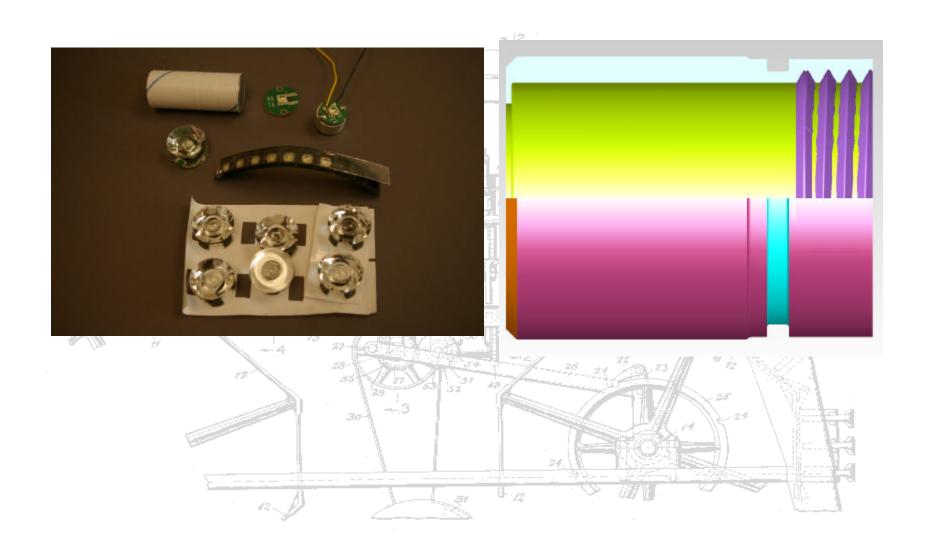
## **Manufacturing Operations**

- Processing
  - Shaping (solidification, deformation, material removal, or particulate processing)
  - Property Enhancement (heat treatment)
  - Surface Processing (cleaning, coating)
- Assembly
  - Permanent (welding, adhesive, rivets, pressfit)
  - Reversible (threaded fasteners, friction fit)

# **Short History of Manufacturing**

- 3000BC: Egyptian and Korean sand casting
- 1000BC: Iron age began
- 26BC: Egyptian lathe turning
- 1770AD: Steam engine, industrial revolution
- 1801: Interchangeable parts
- 1911: F.W.Taylor's "Principles of Scientific Management"
- 1913: Henry Ford's mass production
- 1965: Toyota Production System, single-piece flow
- 2000: Virtual corporations, global manufacturing

# Our Manufacturing Company FlashOfGenius LLC

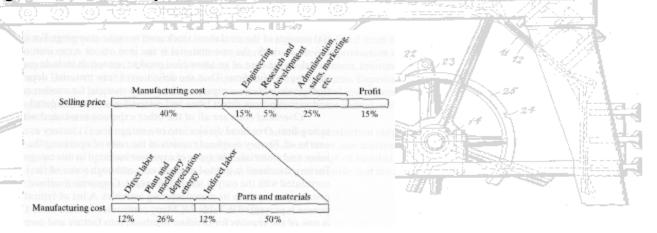


### Some Questions a Manufacturer Needs Answered

- Who is going to buy our product?
- How much will they pay for it?
- How much will it cost to make?
- How much money will we make?
- What will making this product do to the Earth?

#### **The Next Questions**

- Will we make 1 or 1,000,000 units?
- Should this product be durable or disposable?
- What will be our production schedule?
- How long can development take?
- How much should we invest in production efficiency for this product?



## **Case History: Forge Industrial**

- Cement and sand bagging plant
- Manual palletizing:
  - 120 pallets/day, 56 bags/pallet, 60 lb/bag = 400,000 lb/day
  - Crew of 4 (work release), changed twice/day
- Automatic palletizer
  - 200 pallets/day(672,000 lb/day, 68% increase