Bowl Feeders - Trap Design

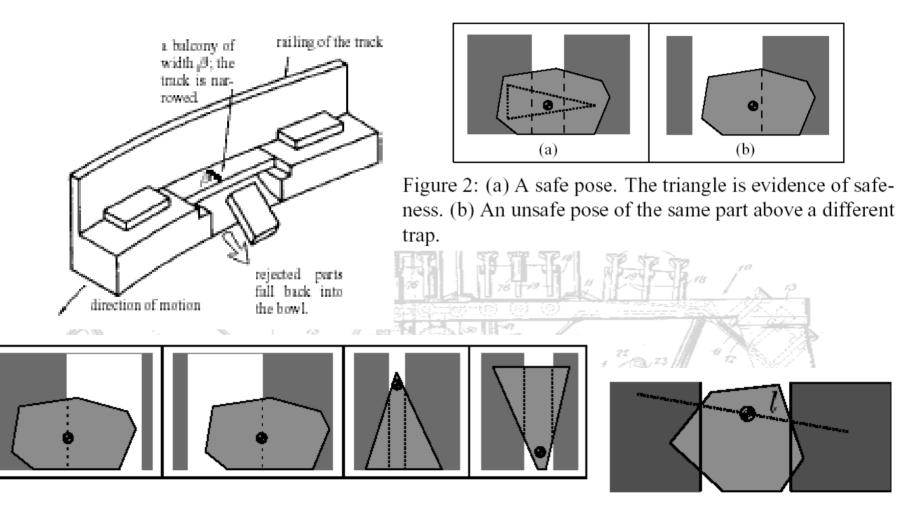
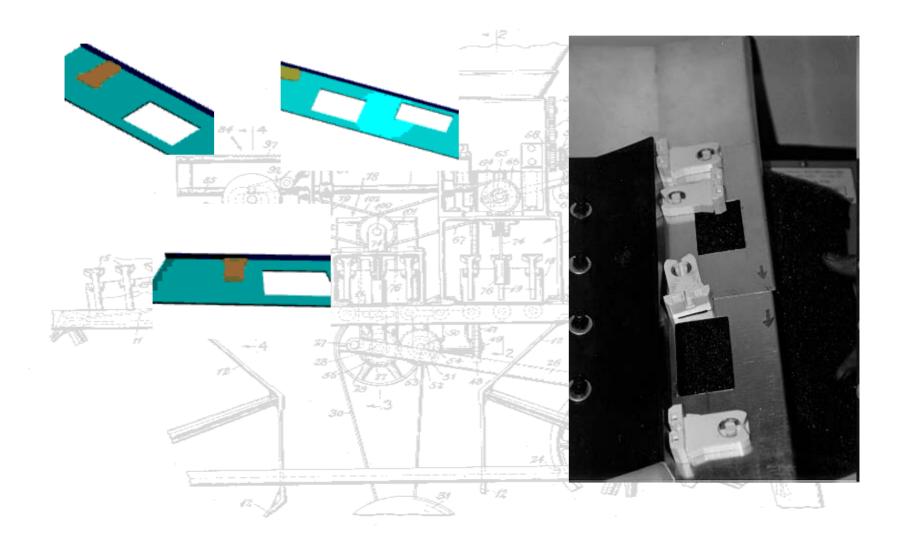


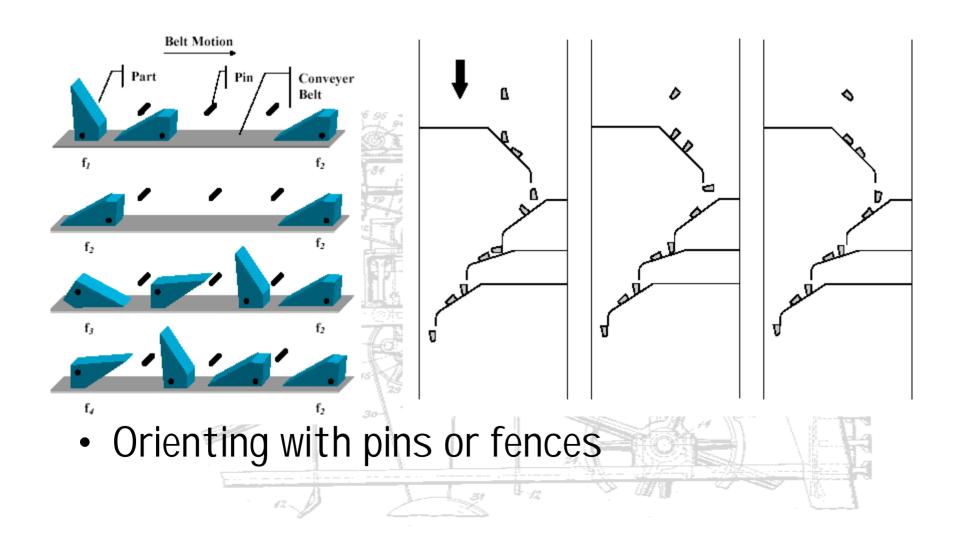
Figure 4: The types of rejected poses.

Figure 5: A critical pose.

Bowl Feeders - Trap Design



Conveyors



Conveyor part orientation - pins

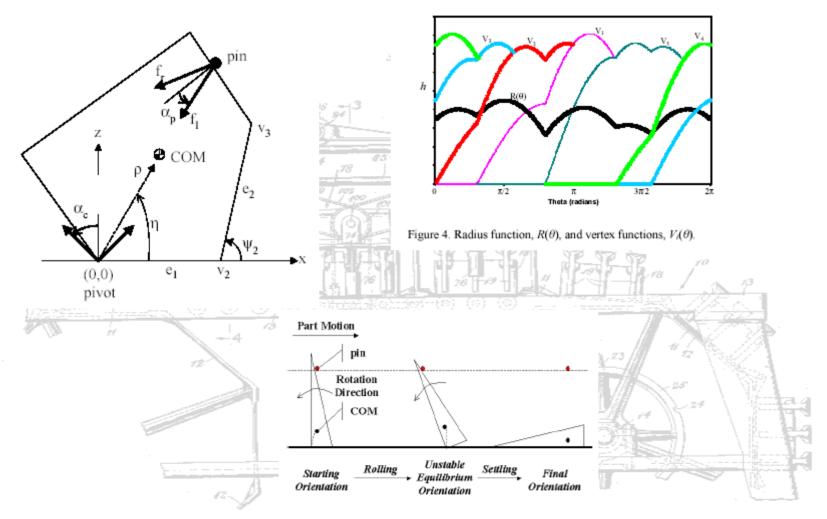
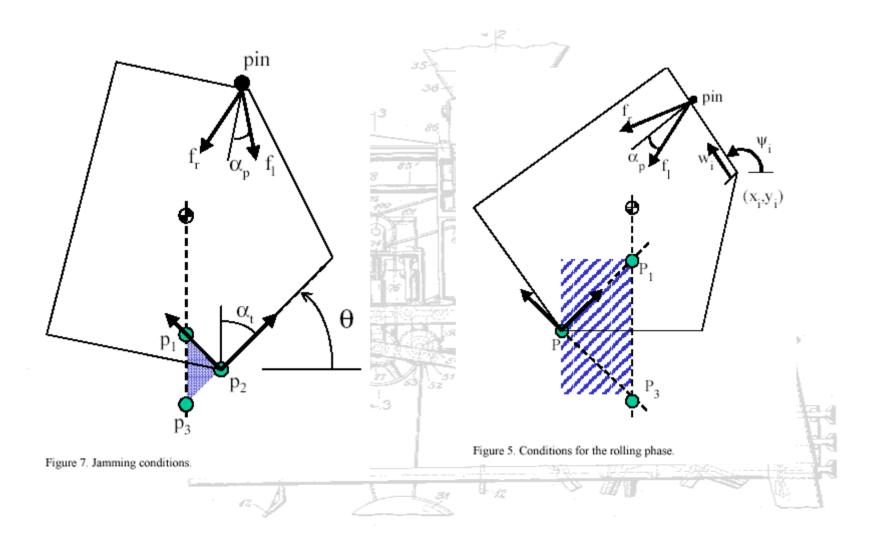
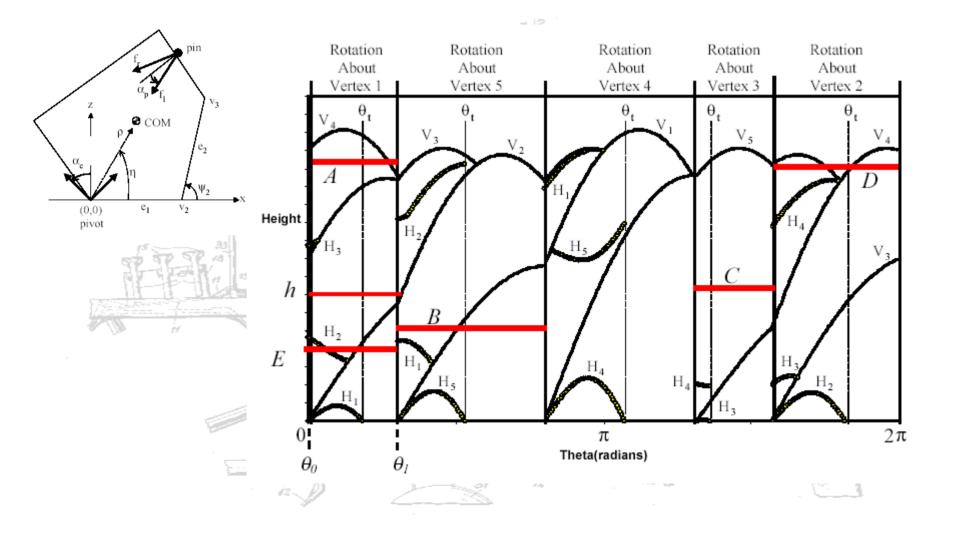


Figure 3. Two phases of toppling: rolling and settling.

Conveyor part orientation - pins



Conveyor part orientation - pins



Conveyor part orientation - fences

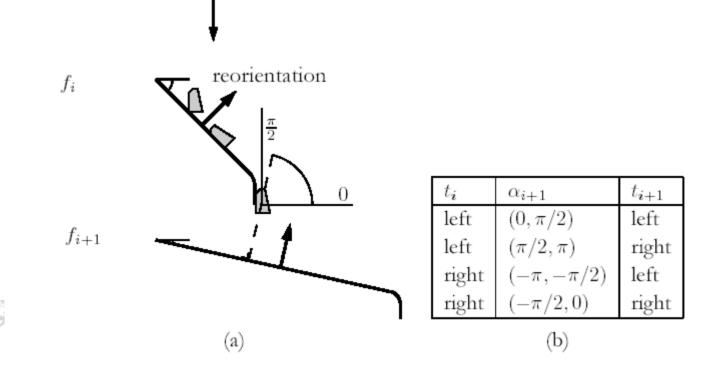


Figure 3.2 (a) For two successive left fences, the reorientation of the push direction lies in the range (0, π/2). (b) The ranges op possible reorientations of the push direction for all pairs of fence types.

 Any polygonal part can be oriented up to symmetry by a fence design

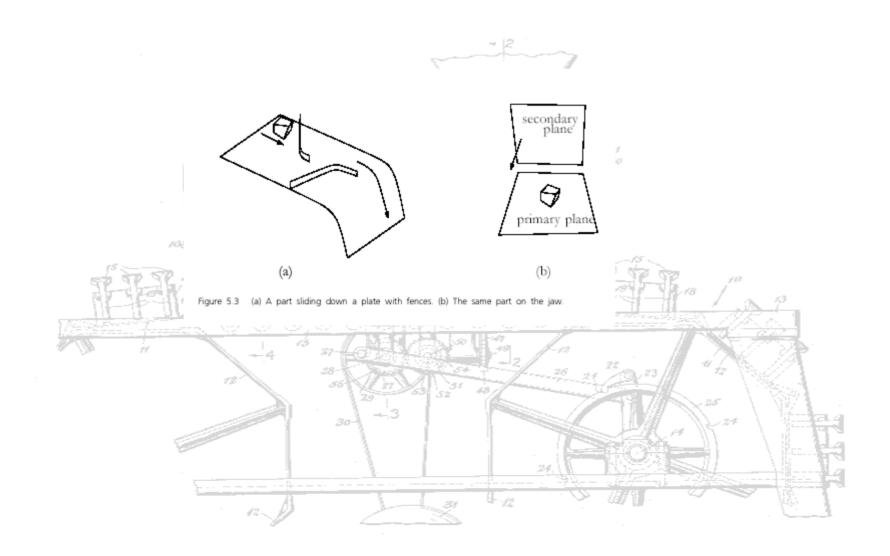
Conveyor part orientation - fences



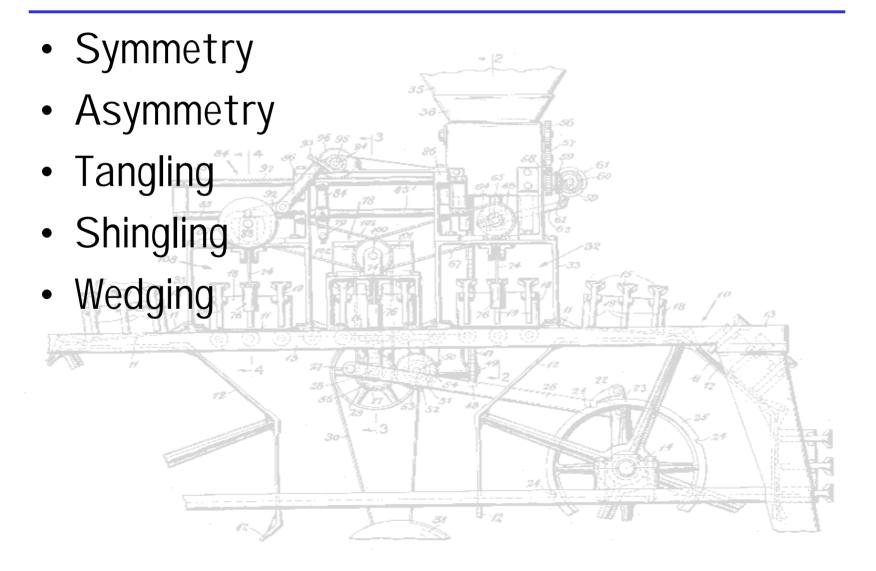
Conveyor part orientation - fences



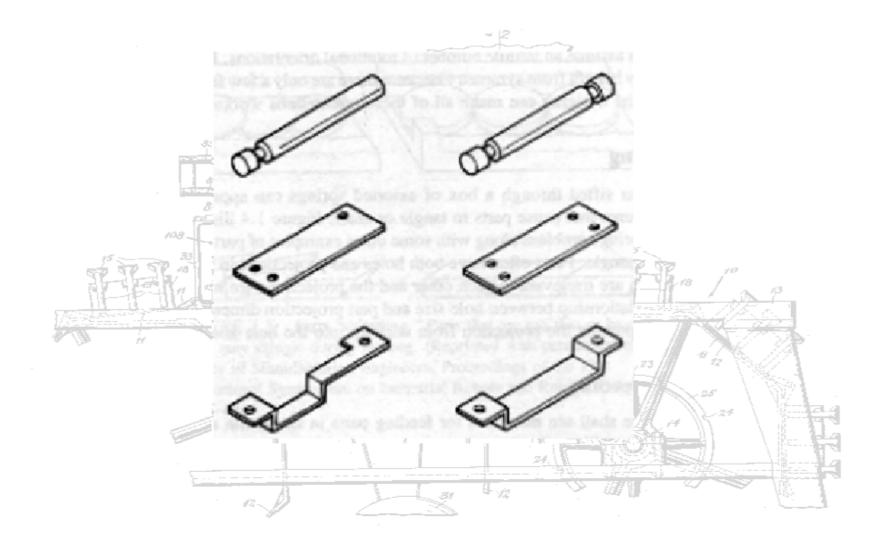
Conveyor part orienting - 3D parts



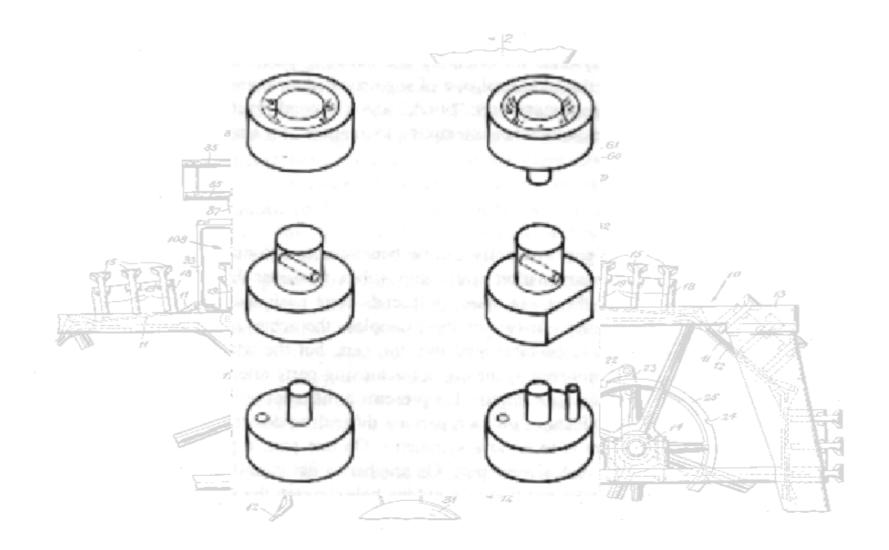
Designing Parts for Feeding



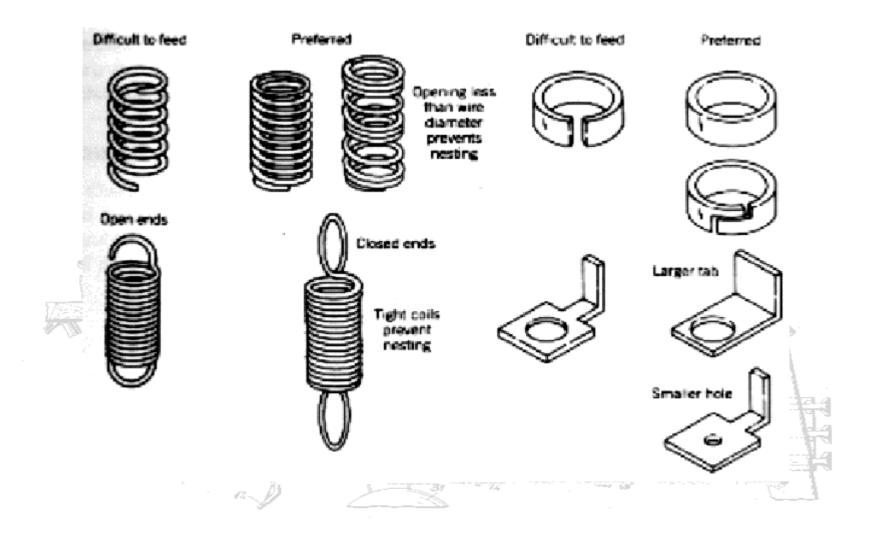
Symmetry



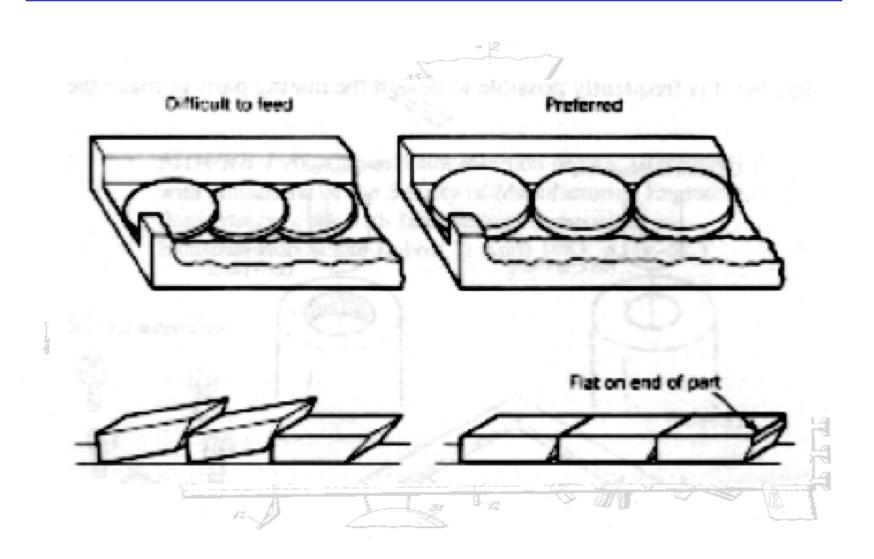
Asymmetry



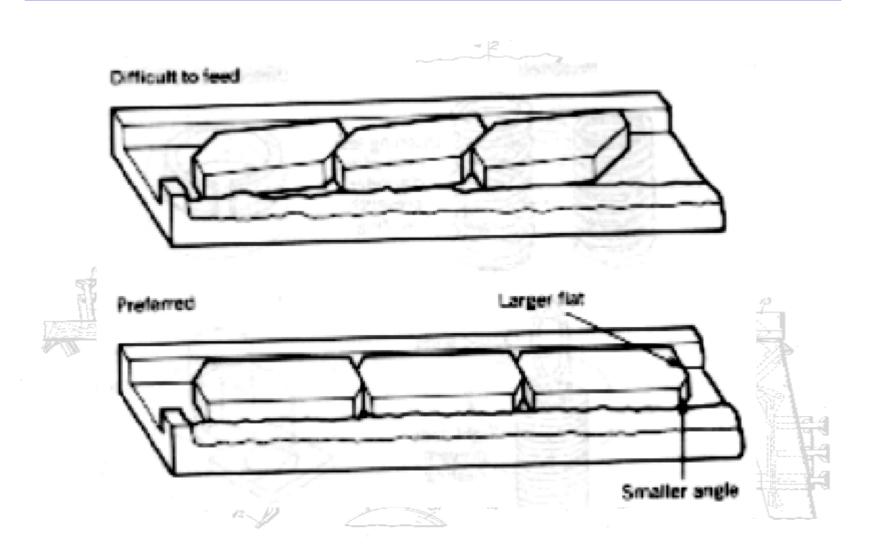
Tangling



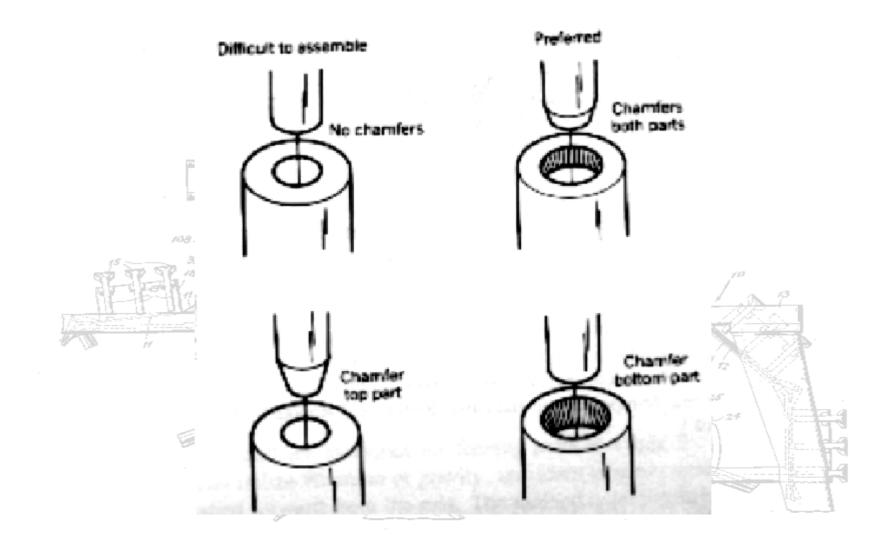
Shingling



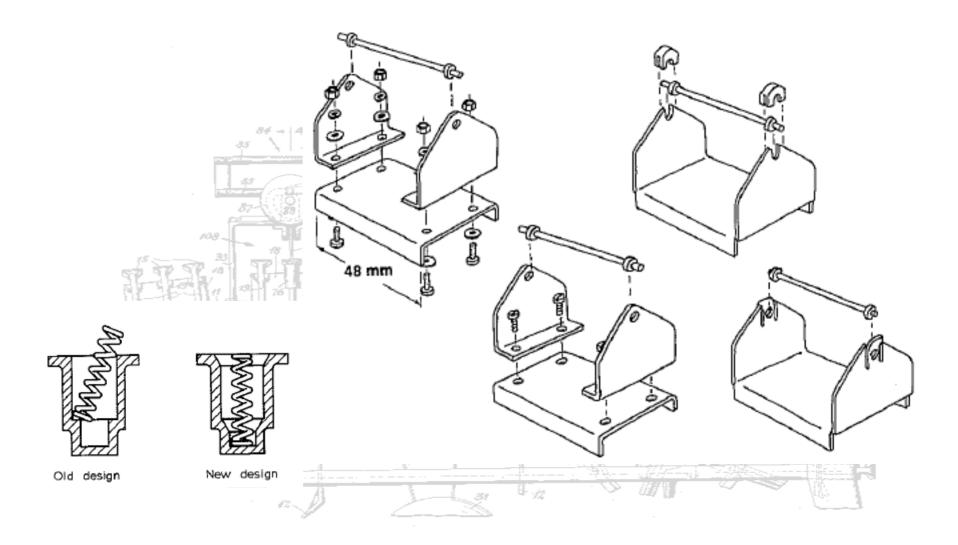
Wedging



Designing for Insertion



Simplifying the Design

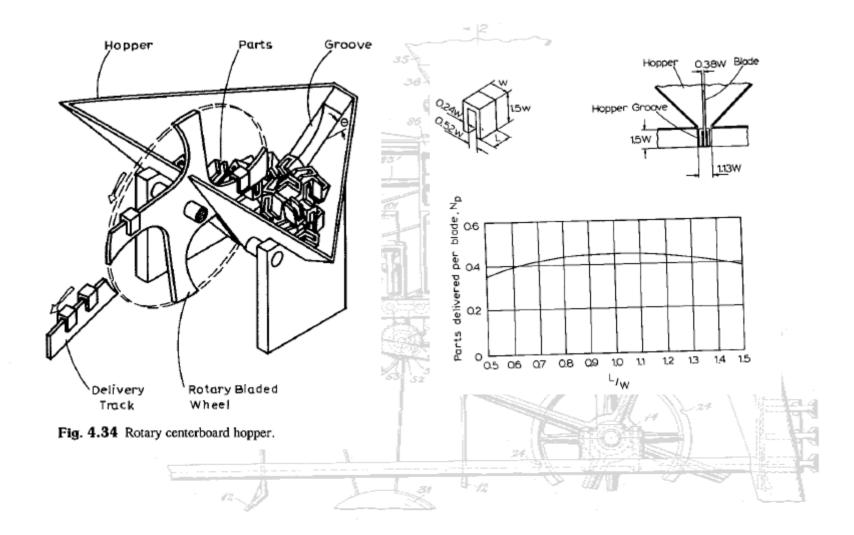


Fastener Feeding Requirements

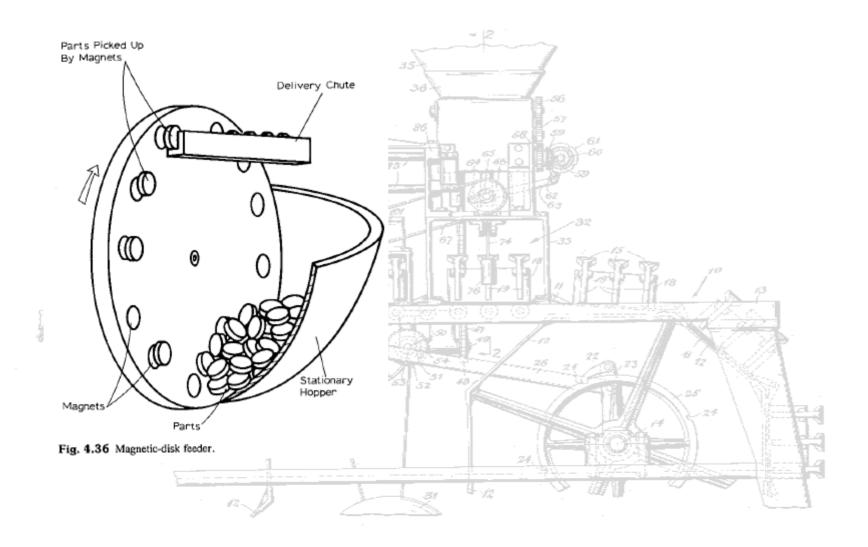
- Orientation
 - vibrating bowl
 - non-vibrating feeders
 - (see Boothroyd Assembly Automation)
- Singulation

 escapement mechanisms
 - pick and place
- Pre-collated components

Non-vibrating Feeders



Non-vibrating Feeders



Singulation

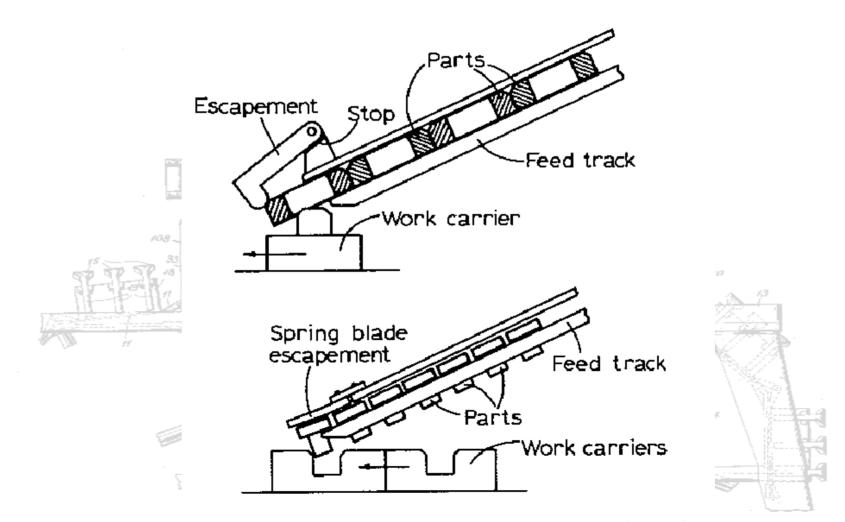


Fig. 5.24 Escapements actuated by the work carrier.