GENERATING MOTION

- Moving a part does not add any value to the part
- Moving a tool does not add any value unless it is working on the part
- So we want to avoid *unnecessary* motion of parts and tools

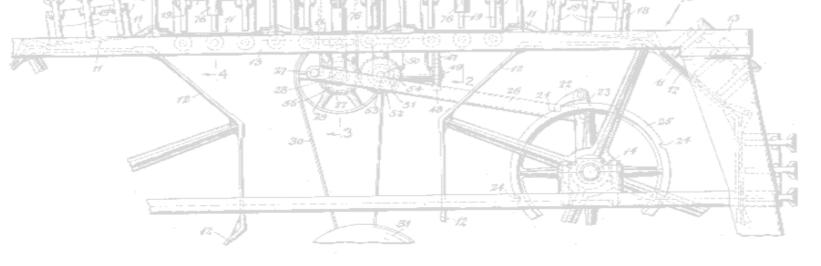
 Metal machining batch factory: 95% of a parts time is spent moving or waiting, 5% of time is on tool, of which only 30% is spent cutting.

LINEAR MOTION

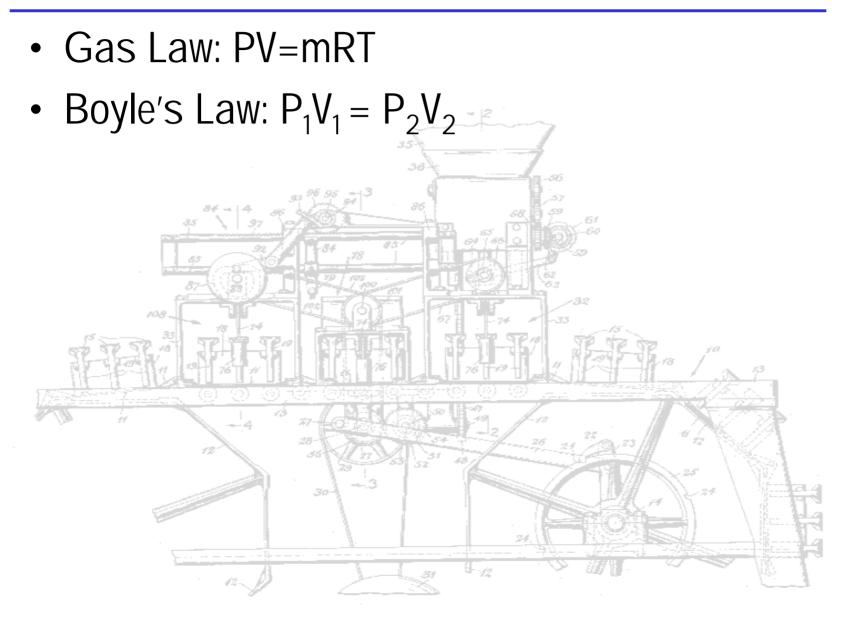
- Linear translation is the most common motion
- Linear movement can be caused by:
 - Pneumatic or hydraulic cylinders
 - Rotary motion converted to linear motion
 - Vibratory systems
 - Electric solenoids
 - Linear electric motors

PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS

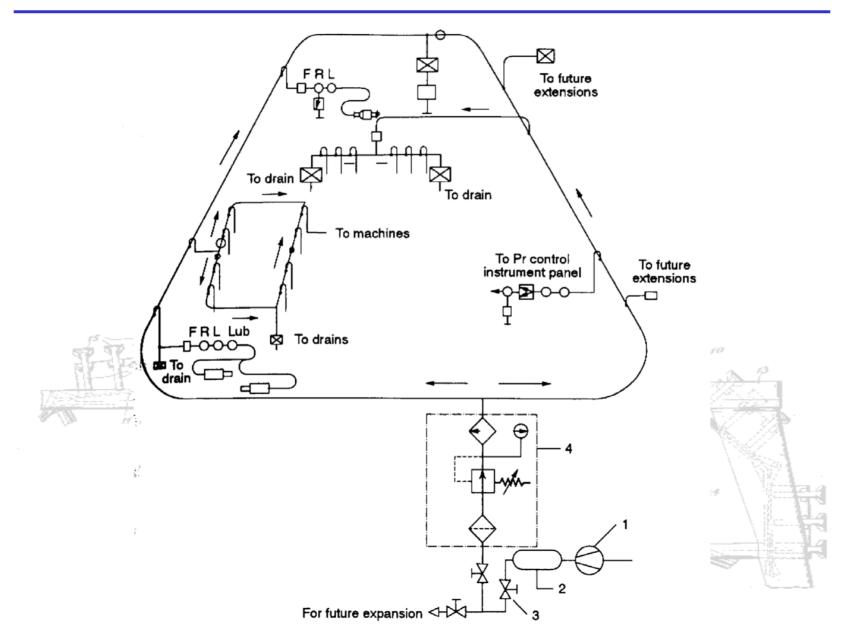
- Pneumatic power systems are very popular in industry
 - High force, economical linear motion
 - Non-flammable, compressible, storable medium
- Pneumatics are not as well suited to generating proportional motion



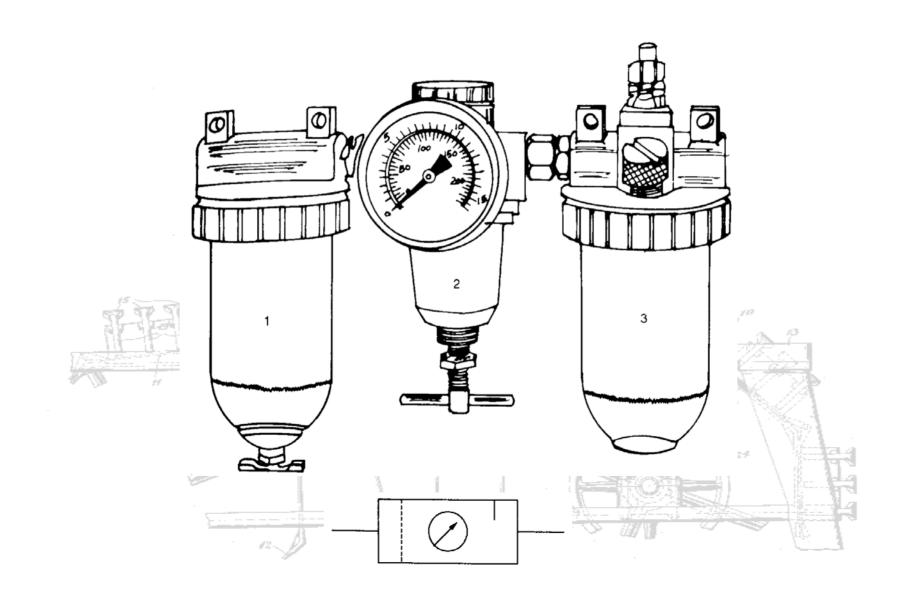
PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS



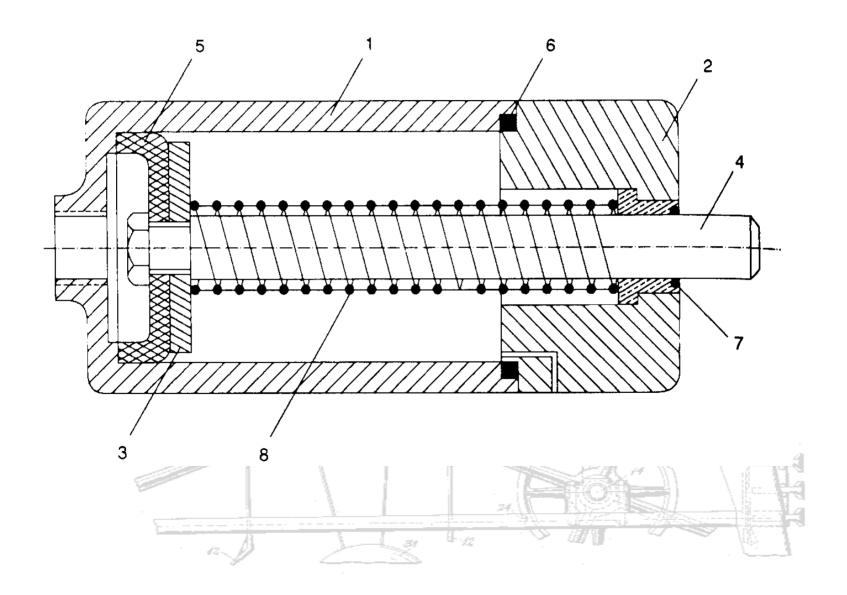
PNEUMATIC SYSTEM LAYOUT



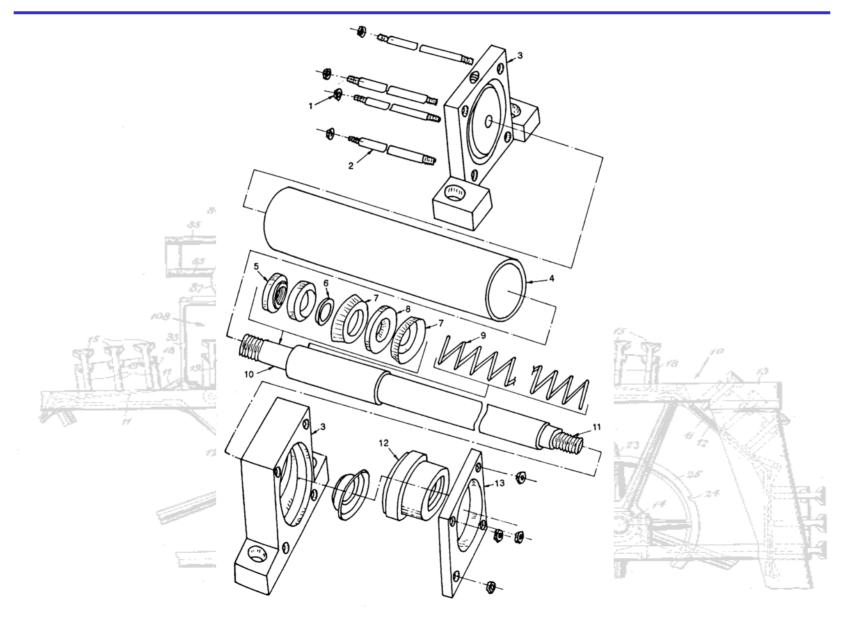
AIR PREPARATION



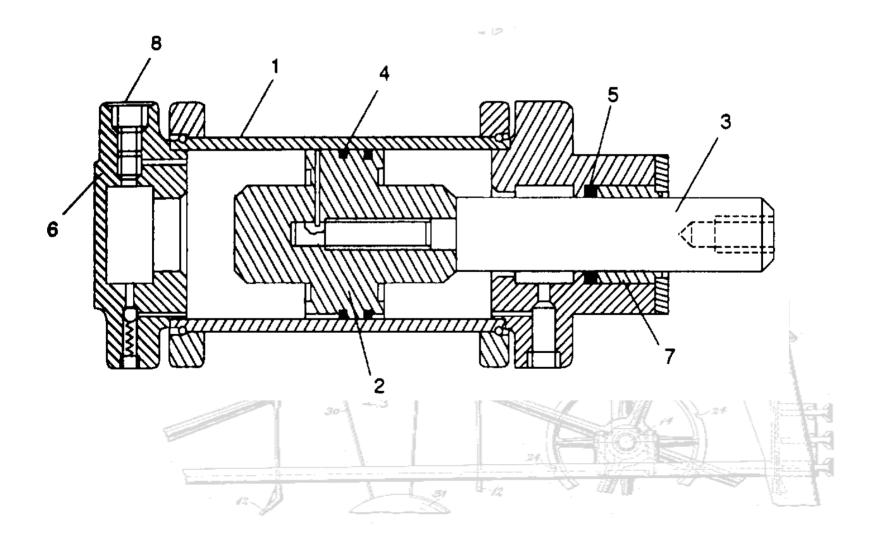
SINGLE-ACTING CYLINDER



SINGLE-ACTING CYLINDER



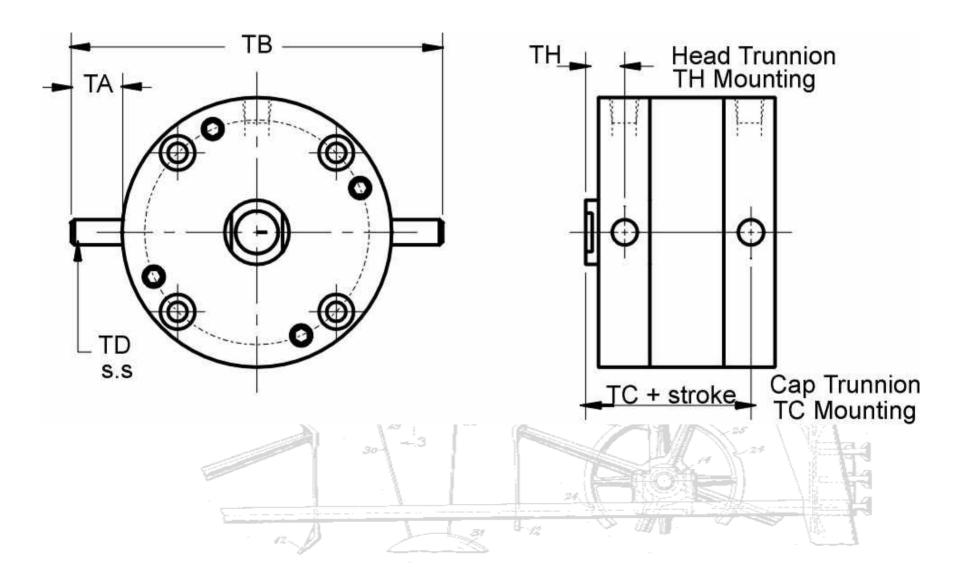
DOUBLE-ACTING CYLINDER



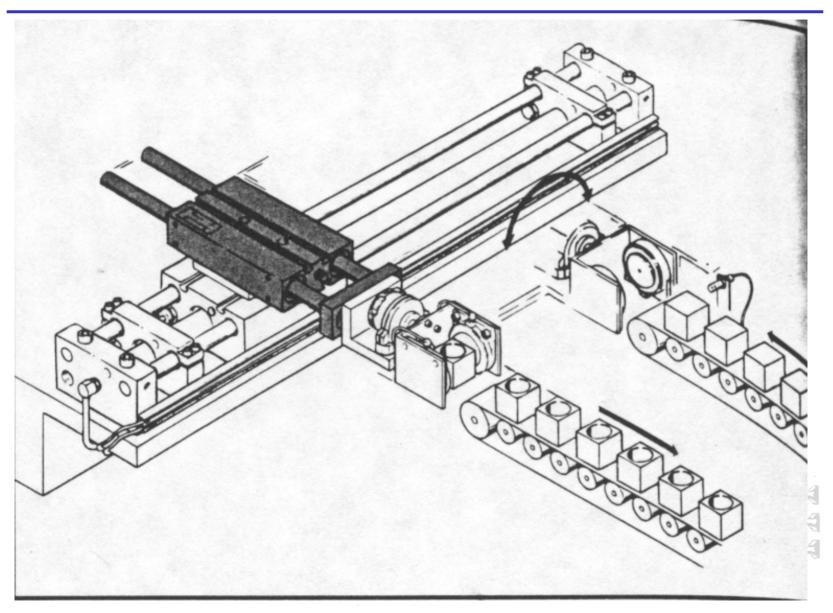
PNEUMATIC CYLINDER MOUNTING

- Off-axis loading must be prevented
- To prevent axial loading, mounting, or the cylinder must be mounted to allow pivoting
 - Clevis mountTrunnion mountuniversal joints
- Shaft may rotate unless antirotation model is used

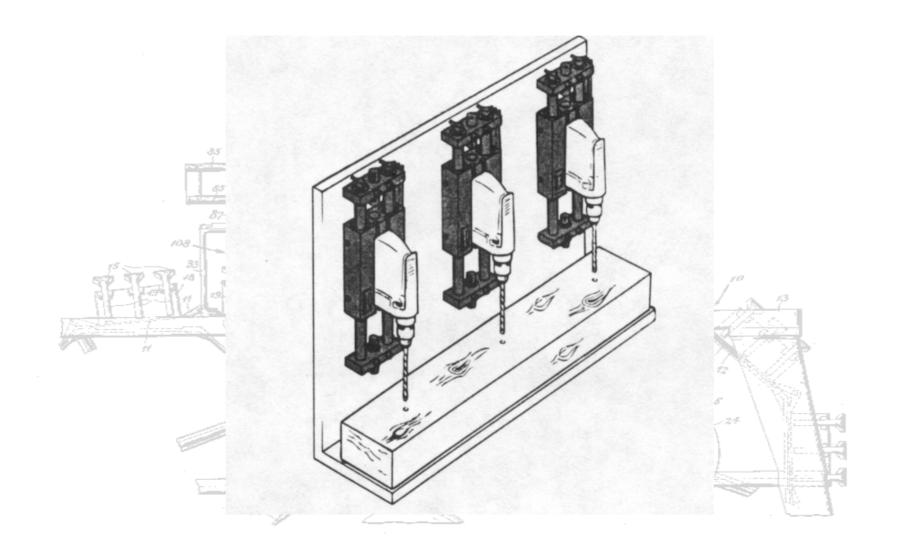
TRUNNION MOUNT



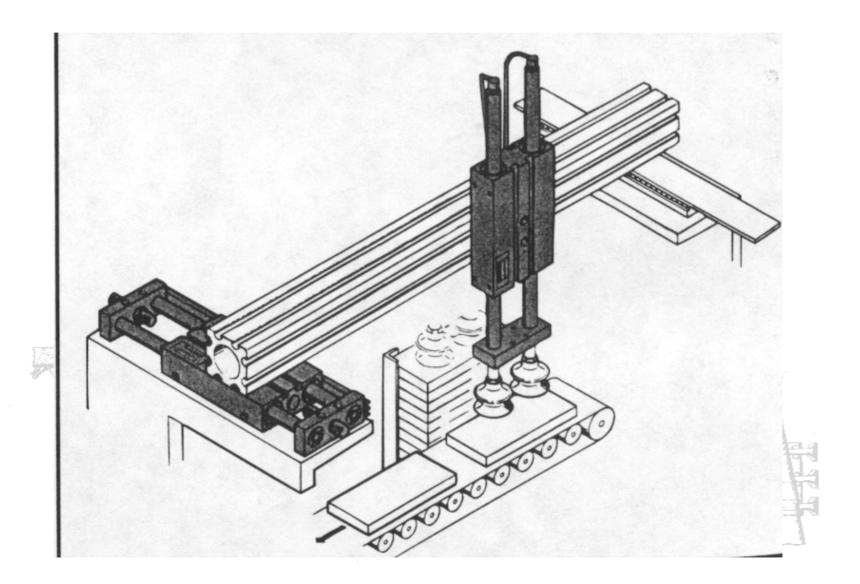
PNEUMATIC TWIN CYLINDERS

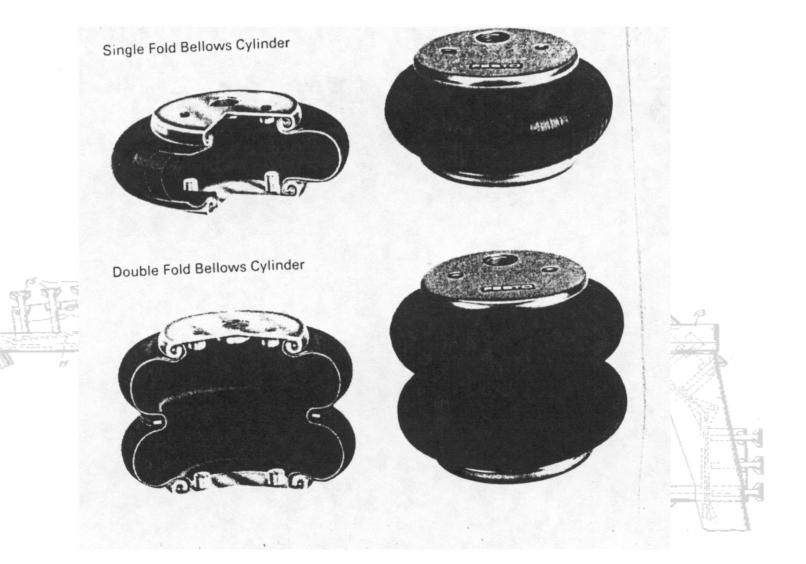


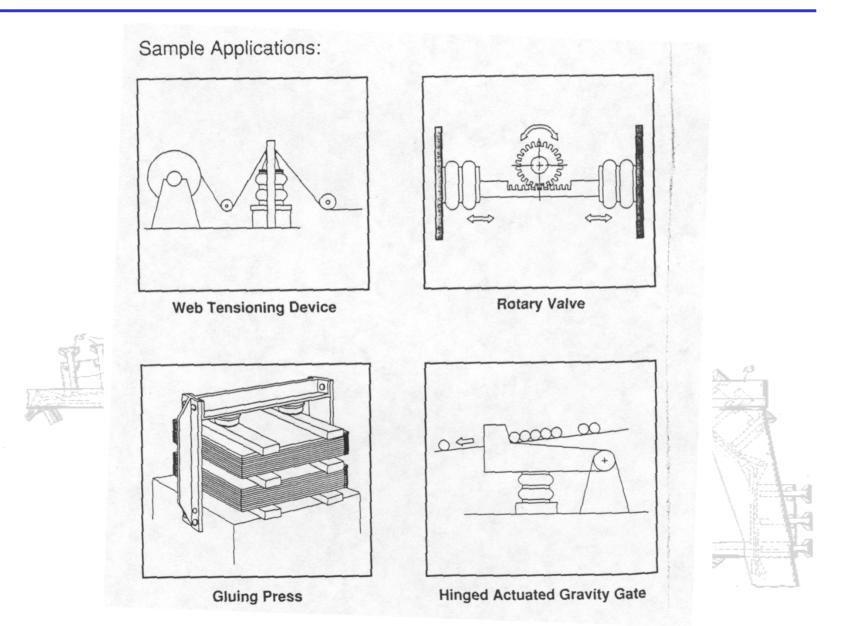
PNEUMATIC TWIN CYLINDERS

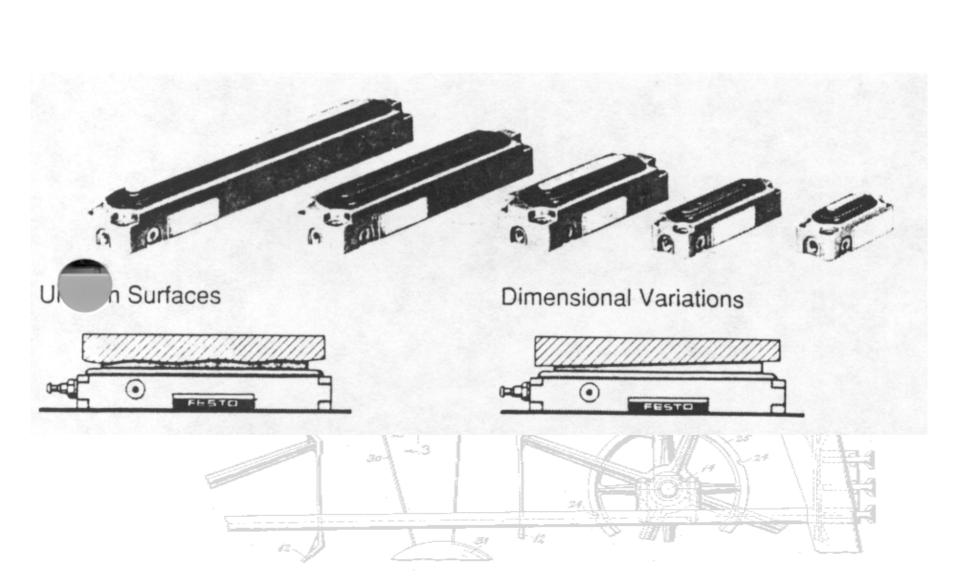


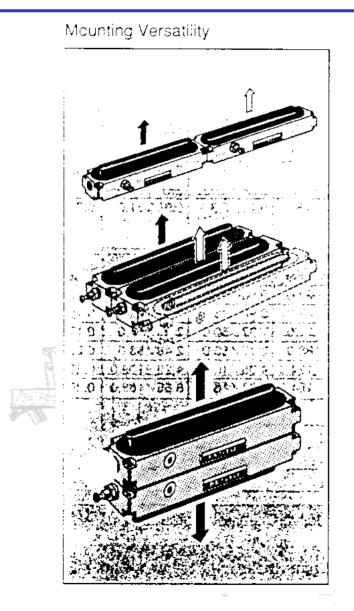
PNEUMATIC TWIN CYLINDERS



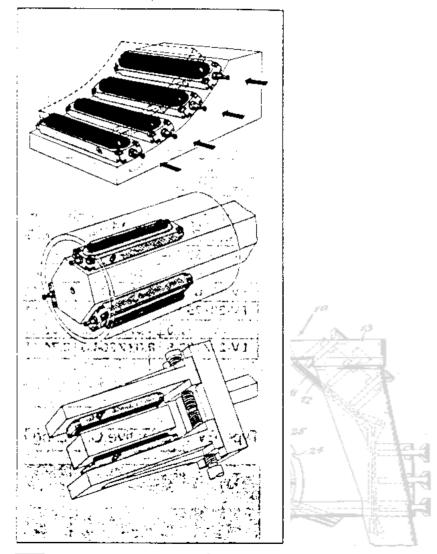


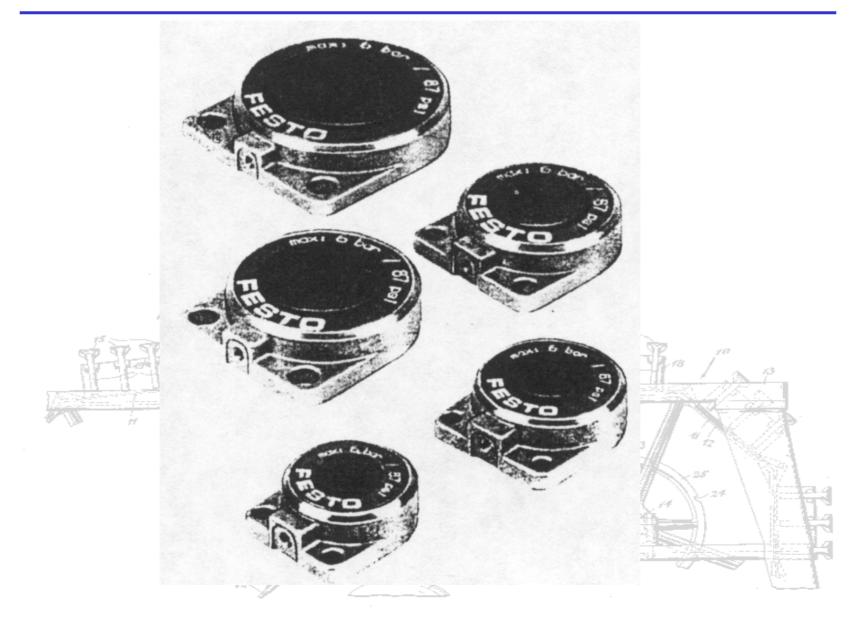


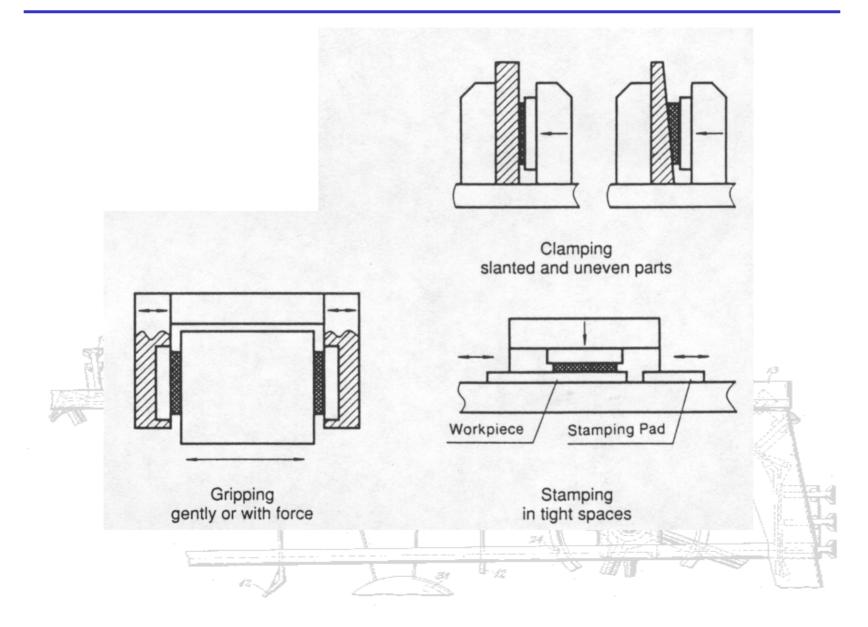




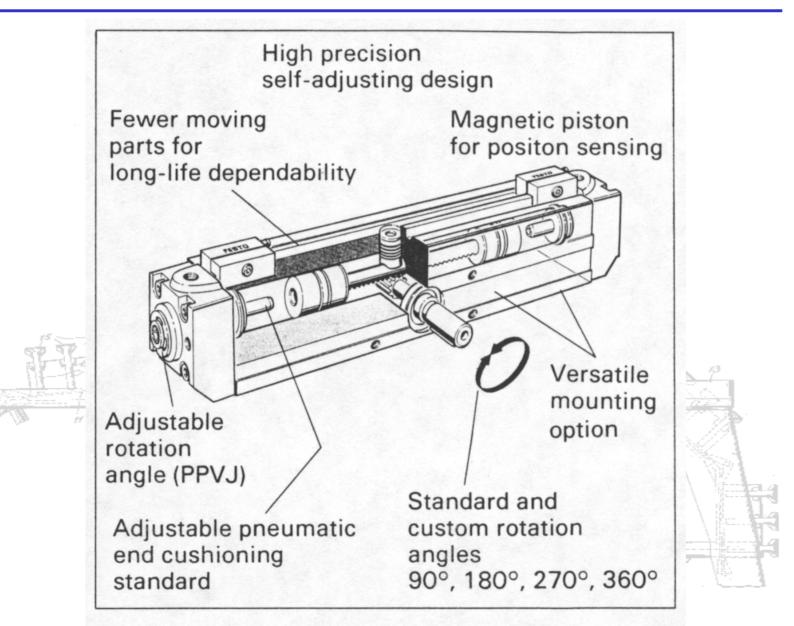
Application Examples



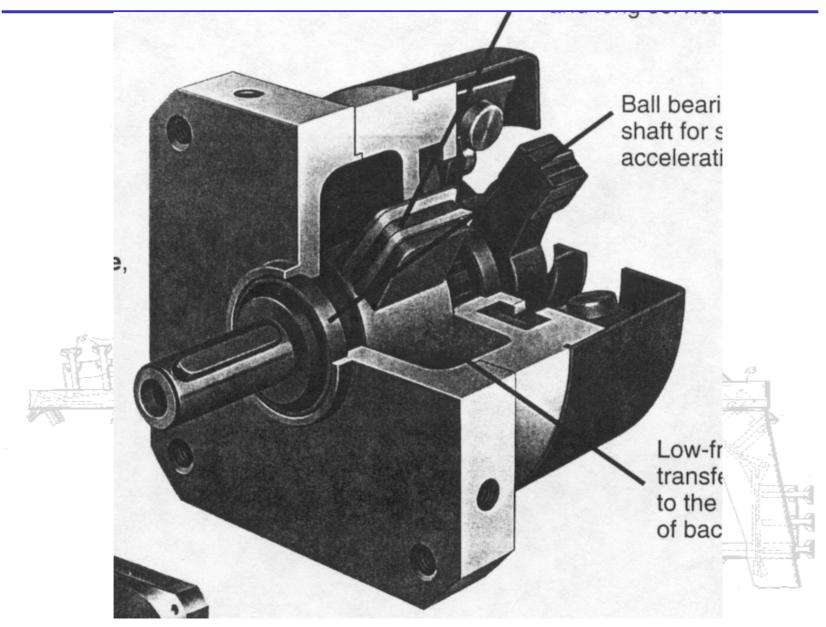




PNEUMATIC ROTARY ACTUATORS



PNEUMATIC ROTARY ACTUATORS



PNEUMATIC ROTARY ACTUATORS

